

Free Energy Generator Neodmium Magnets Repulsion

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Abstract- This thesis is devoted to the design and optimization of magnetic system ,More than 90% world's power is being generated using electromagnets based on the faraday's law of electro-magnetic induction. Many new technologies were discovered with time which led a drastic change in the perception of electric energy. But at the same time there is misconception of free energy. Energy becomes free only at a point after which we don't have to pay for power generation after commissioning the unit. By using the magnetic force of magnets continuous motion (Energy) is generated. We used Neodymium magnets are placed on the outer drum and an inner drum by placing same poles for maximum repulsion. Rectangle shaped magnets are placed in such a way that all the north poles or north poles are facing opposite direction.

Keywords- Attraction, Flux Density, Free Energy, Permanent Magnet Motor & Repulsion.

I.INTRODUCTION

There is no such thing as Free Energy. Any electric power from Solar cells, Wind, Tidal, Geothermal, Hydro-electric is only free, after we starting up these methods for generating electric power by providing some capital cost. Energy becomes free only after some point since we do not have to pay charges for electric power generated through these non-conventional methods for generating electric power. Hence the concept of using magnets in generation of electricity has been around us from a long time. For many years simple magnets have been used for their magnetic field to produce electric power.

They are placed in the inside core of motors & generators. The basic principle of power generation lies under the magnetic effect. It states that "When a conductor is rotated in a magnetic field, a voltage is induced in the conductor". So here we will be dealing with such conductors. Magnet Engine free energy generator is an easy device to generate electrical energy. It works on the principle of Neodymium Magnets. In a simple motor, magnetic field is created by the electric coils generally Cu, Al coils. These motors continuously need electrical supply to produce magnetic field. There are huge amount of energy losses. But the Magnet Motor Consists of no such coils. Hence there will be minimal losses.

The Magnet motor (free energy generator) is a respectable, intense and well-looking topology of a free energy generator. It takes a shot at a guideline of the capable neodymium permanent magnets. In the standard engine, the magnetic field is created by the electric curls, normally made of copper (Cu) or infrequently aluminum (Al). Since both copper and aluminum are not superconductors (their resistance is not zero), the customary electric motor persistently needs the electric energy to keep up the magnetic field. [1]

The coils are squandering the force, transforming it into a heat, as a result of their resistance. The electric energy needs to ceaselessly stream into the system, rewarding the energy losses. The Magnet motor has no coils and accordingly no power losses and can be utilized even as a free energy generator. It is utilizing the permanent magnetic field of the magnets to create the force moving the rotor. [2] Simulation of new designed electric machines are carry out in order to fault of design could be discovered before manufacturing of prototype.

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II. APPLICATIONS OF MAGNETIC

Due to the lack of mechanical contact, magnetic actuators can be used in special environments without problems caused by friction, abrasion or lubrication. These magnets is been used to rotate the shaft of dynamo to generate electricity with the help of dynamo , the magnets is placed

in such a manner in a circular form so that maximum number of repulsion is been created due to which maximum torque is obtained .

III. THE PROBLEM

But there is one major flaw in this whole setup. The electrical energy that can be generated out of such a system seems to be created out of no fuel at all and that is stumbling everybody. So far, all we know is that to generate electricity, we need some sort of a source, rays of the sun, kinetic energy from flowing water, or at least some fuel to be burnt so that the turbines can move and generate electricity. But the magnetic motor challenges this notion and tells us that all you need is an arrangement of magnets (like in the first video above) to put the motor in motion and generate electricity. And for many people, this seems to be breaking 'the law of conservation of energy' making this concept very difficult to accept! But in reality, it is the magnetic energy that is being used to put the motor into motion and over a period of time, the magnets will lose their magnetism and the motor will stop. But again, all one needs to do is replace the magnets and the motor will be workable once again. There is some work that has been put into the type of magnets that can be used for such motors and Neodymium magnets have been claimed to offer the best results.

IV. RESEARCH MOTIVATION

Even though scammers promise free electricity, the fact remains that there will be a set up and maintenance cost and somewhere even the cost of replacing the magnets, which is not going to be cheap. Still, if we can get a motor that can generate energy which reduces on dependence on fossil fuels and does not harm the environment as much, then why shouldn't we go for it? Yes, it needs to be perfected and explored more scientifically but that's the case with all discoveries.

The Magnet motor (or magnet engine) free energy generator is a decent, power full and well-looking topology of a free energy generator. It works on a principle of the power full neodymium permanent magnets. When the magnetic force reachsthe necessary level to overcome the friction, the motor RPM ramps up and reaches the equilibrium value. In the ordinary motor, the magnetic field is generated by the electric coils, usually made of copper (Cu) or sometimes an aluminium (Al). Because both copper and aluminium are not superconductors (their resistance is not zero), the ordinary electric motor continuously needs the electric power to maintain the magnetic field. I repeat: The ordinary motor needs not only the initial energy, but the continuous supply of energy! The coils are wasting the power, turning it into a heat, because of their resistance. The electric energy has to continuously flow into the system, compensating the energy losses. The Magnet motor free

energy generator is suitable for generating low to high power levels. The maximum power output is much higher than the maximum of the Electric loop free energy generators. The Magnet motor free energy generator is also much better-looking, thus fulfilling also the decoration function. The construction of the Magnet motor free energy generator is, on the other hand, more complicated than the Electric loop system. To generate usefull electricity, you have two options: First option is using the coils of the electrical motor used as a basis of the Magnet motor.

This is the easier case, but your motor has to have enough space for both the magnet set and the coil windings. Second option is to connect the Magnet motor mechanically with an ordinary generator. You can directly bond the shafts or use a belt gear. The second version of the Magnet motor free energy generator is capable of generating more power, but also more complicated to build. The advantage of the second version is that you can remove the coils from the original motor, thus getting much more space for the magnets. This allows much more torque to be generated. Before doing anything, read the Disclaimer first.

V. FUTURE WORK AND CONCLUSIONS

In this paper, by integrating the basics of a generator and a motor, we successfully have a newer concept of free energy generator which runs on almost no input & gives a valuable amount of electric energy which can be used to for many purposes. The paper revolves around the construction, working & applications of free energy generator & its future enhancements. This design may prove to be a pioneer in the field of research of free energy. Now it is possible to get free electricity from stuffs from our home. This concept of free energy is can be made using magnets & simple motors. This knowhow using magnets has been with us ever since we started generating electricity using conventional sources of energy.

- Works in all types of weather conditions: Generally the wind and solar energy alternatives rely much on natural phenomena, but in case of a magnetic generator, the device would continue to perform well without depending upon weather conditions.
- Safer to use: Evidently, the user is concerned with safety of power generators, as it should be easy and safe to operate especially in houses.
- Fits in a small space: It is very easy to install an eco-friendly magnetic generator and it can fit even in a small, condensed place. Thus, these perpetual motion generators are ideally suited for houses.
- Minimum maintenance cost: Once these magnetic generators are constructed, they can operate efficiently without any problems for long periods of time. Additionally, one need not have to check them on a

regularly basis and extra cost for generator maintenance can be avoided.

- Ability to reduce the power bill: The magnetic electrical generator can reduce an individual's power bill by about fifty percent. Thus, it is one of the best reasons for anybody to own a magnetic electrical generator.

VI. FUTURE SCOPE

- As per increase of cost of electricity we can produce electricity by using simple concept with dynamo .
- In the present work I had used magnets to generate electricity .
- The present work is concerned same directional placed magnets for maximum repulsion further extended for Turbulent Flow.
- In the present work the dependency of Maxwell equation is taken into consideration. The work can be further extended for varying aspect ratio, and for different results on different magnets .
- In the present work the natural magnetic repulsion is used to rotate the armature with respect to natural conduction.
- The present work is concerned with the displaced space of 10mm to 20mm and the best result of repulsion can be obtained at 15mm distancing.
- The present work is concerned with rectangular magnets, further it can also work with circular magnets as same arrangements . This work can be further extended for extended for different shapes like circular or horshshoe to obtain a result at different boundary conditions .

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